

## DEFINITE INTEGRAL (part 1)

**Example 1.**

$$\int_1^2 (x^2 - 3x + 1) dx = \int_1^2 x^2 dx - 3 \int_1^2 x dx + \int_1^2 dx = \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_1^2 - 3 \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_1^2 + x \Big|_1^2 = \frac{8}{3} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{2}(4-1) + 2 - 1 = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{9}{2} + 1 = -\frac{7}{6}.$$

**Example 2.**

$$\int_{-3}^{-2} \frac{dx}{1-x^2} = \int_{-2}^{-3} \frac{dx}{x^2-1} = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{x-1}{x+1} \right| \Big|_{-2}^{-3} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \ln \left| \frac{-3-1}{-3+1} \right| - \ln \left| \frac{-2-1}{-2+1} \right| \right) = \frac{1}{2} (\ln 2 - \ln 3) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{2}{3}.$$

**Example 3.** Calculate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{x^2 + 4x + 5}$ .

We allocate the perfect square from the square trinomial in the denominator

$$x^2 + 4x + 5 = x^2 + 2 \cdot 2x + 4 + 1 = (x+2)^2 + 1.$$

We take the new variable  $x+2=t$ ,  $dx=dt$ . We change limits of integration: if  $x=0$ , then  $t=2$ ; if  $x=1$ , then  $t=3$ .

$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{x^2 + 4x + 5} = \int_2^3 \frac{dx}{(x+2)^2 + 1} = \int_2^3 \frac{dt}{t^2 + 1} = \operatorname{arctg} t \Big|_2^3 = \operatorname{arctg} 3 - \operatorname{arctg} 2.$$

**Example 4.** Calculate  $\int_0^1 x e^{-x} dx$ .

We use integration by parts:

$$u = x, \quad dv = e^{-x} dx, \text{ then } du = dx, \quad v = \int e^{-x} dx = -e^{-x}.$$

We obtain

$$\int_0^1 x e^{-x} dx = x(-e^{-x}) \Big|_0^1 - \int_0^1 (-e^{-x}) dx = -e^{-1} + \int_0^1 e^{-x} dx = -\frac{1}{e} - e^{-x} \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{e} - (e^{-1} - e^0) = -\frac{1}{e} - \frac{1}{e} + 1 = \frac{e-2}{e}.$$

## TASKS

Calculate definite integrals:

$$1. \int_1^3 6x^2 dx; \quad 2. \int_1^5 \frac{7}{x} dx; \quad 3. \int_1^3 e^{2x} dx; \quad 4. \int_1^4 \sqrt{x} dx; \quad 5. \int_9^{16} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}; \quad 6. \int_1^e \frac{2}{x} dx$$

$$7. \int_0^1 (2x-1)^6 dx; \quad 8. \int_0^8 \sqrt{2x} dx; \quad 9. \int_0^8 \sqrt[3]{x} dx; \quad 10. \int_{-1}^2 (x^2 + 2x + 1) dx$$

$$11. \int_1^4 2x dx; \quad 12. \int_3^8 \frac{dx}{x^2 - 6x + 34}; \quad 13. \int_1^2 \left( \frac{4}{x} - 5x^4 + 2\sqrt{x} \right) dx; \quad 14. \int_1^8 \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}};$$

$$15. \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx; \quad 16. \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin 2x dx; \quad 17. \int_{\pi/12}^{\pi/9} \cos 3x dx; \quad 18. \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2 x dx;$$

$$19. \int_0^{5/2} (5x - 2x^2) dx; \quad 20. \int_{-4}^{-1/2} \frac{4x^3 + 2}{x^2} dx; \quad 21. \int_0^1 \frac{2x}{1+x^2} dx; \quad 22. \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx;$$

$$23. \int_1^2 \frac{3x^4 - 5x^2 + 7}{x} dx. \quad 24. \int_4^9 \left( \frac{2x}{5} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right) dx. \quad 25. \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/4} \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x}.$$

Answer:  $\frac{15}{4} + 7 \ln 2.$

Answer: 14.

Answer:  $1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}.$

$$26. \int_2^3 \frac{x dx}{x^2 + 1} \quad 27. \int_0^{\pi} \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{3x}{2} dx \quad 28. \int_{-1}^0 \frac{dx}{x^2 + 2x + 2}$$

Answer:  $\frac{1}{2} \ln 2.$

Answer: -1.

Answer:  $\frac{\pi}{4}.$

$$29. \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 2x dx. \quad 30. \int_0^{\sqrt{3}-1} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3-2x-x^2}} \quad 31. \int_0^1 x^4 dx;$$

Answer:  $\frac{\pi}{4}.$

Answer:  $\frac{\pi}{6}.$

$$32. \int_{-1/3}^0 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2-6x-9x^2}}; \quad 33. \int_0^{-3} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{25+3x}}; \quad 34. \int_{-1/2}^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{8+2x-x^2}};$$

$$35. \int_1^2 (2x^2 - 4x + 1) dx; \quad 36. \int_3^4 (x+1) dx; \quad 37. \int_{-2}^{-1} \frac{dx}{(11+5x)^3}; \quad 38. \int_3^4 \frac{dx}{25-x^2};$$

$$39. \int_{-1}^1 (6x^2 - 2x + 5) dx; \quad 40. \int_1^8 \left( 4x - \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}} \right) dx; \quad 41. \int_1^4 \frac{dx}{(1+2x)^2};$$

$$42. \int_{-3}^5 \sqrt[3]{5x+2}; \quad 43. \int_0^1 \sqrt{x+1}; \quad 44. \int_{\pi/3}^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}; \quad 45. \int_4^{4\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{64-x^2}};$$

$$46. \int_1^2 \left( x^5 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx \quad 47. \int_0^2 (x^3 - x^2) dx \quad 48. \int_0^1 x^2 dx \quad 49. \int_0^1 (3x-1)^4 dx$$

$$50. \int_{-2}^2 (x^5 + 5x^4 - 3x^2 + x) dx \quad 51. \int_0^1 2^x dx \quad 52. \int_0^1 10^x dx \quad 53. \int_1^3 x^2 dx$$

$$54. \int_1^3 \frac{dx}{x^2-4} \quad 55. \int_1^2 5x dx \quad 56. \int_0^1 (4x^3+1) dx \quad 57. \int_{-3}^1 (2x^2+3x-1) dx$$

$$58. \int_1^4 \left( 2x + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx \quad 59. \int_{-2}^4 (8+2x-x^2) dx \quad 60. \int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x} \quad 61. \int_1^9 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}} \quad 62. \int_6^0 (1-x) dx$$

### Integration by substitution

### Integration by parts

$$63. \int_0^{\sqrt{5}} x\sqrt{x^2+4} dx. \quad \text{Answer: } \frac{19}{3}.$$

$$64. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{dx}{1+\sin^2 x}. \quad \text{Answer: } \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{2}.$$

$$65. \int_0^{\pi} x \sin x dx. \quad \text{Answer: } \pi.$$

$$66. \int_1^e x \ln x dx. \quad \text{Answer: } \frac{e^2+1}{4}.$$

$$67. \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctg} x dx. \quad \text{Answer: } \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{3}} - \ln 2.$$

$$68. \int_{-1}^1 x^2 e^{-x} dx. \quad \text{Answer: } \frac{e^2-5}{e}.$$

